#### § 520.1205

milligrams of kanamycin as the sulfate, 0.033 milligram of aminopentamide hydrogen sulfate, 25 milligrams of pectin, 250 milligrams of bismuth subcarbonate, and 500 milligrams of activated attapulgite.

- (b) Sponsor. See No. 000856 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Conditions of use. (1) It is administered orally to dogs for the symptomatic relief of acute bacterial diarrhea caused by kanamycin-susceptible organisms.
- (2) The drug is recommended for use at the rate of one teaspoonful (5 milliliters) of suspension per 20 pounds of body weight every 8 hours. Animals weighing under 10 pounds should be given one-half the above amount every 8 hours. The initial dose should be twice the amount of a single dose. Maximum dosage should not exceed three times the recommended dose.
- (3) For use only by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[40 FR 13838, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 53 FR 27851, July 25, 1988; 56 FR 8710, Mar. 1, 1991; 64 FR 403, Jan. 5, 1999]

# § 520.1205 Kanamycin sulfate, pectin, bismuth subcarbonate, activated attapulgite tablets.

- (a) Specifications. Each tablet contains 100 milligrams of kanamycin (as the sulfate), 25 milligrams of pectin, 250 milligrams of bismuth subcarbonate, and 500 milligrams of activated attapulgite.
- (b) Sponsor. See No. 000856 in  $\S510.600$ (c) of this chapter.
- (c) Conditions of use—(1) Amount. One tablet per 44 kilograms (20 pounds) of body weight every 8 hours. Maximum dose 3 tablets every 8 hours. For animals under 22 kilograms (10 pounds) ½ tablet every 8 hours. The initial loading dose should be twice the amount of a single dose.
- (2) Indications for use. For the treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by organisms susceptible to kanamycin and the symptomatic relief of associated diarrhea in dogs.
- (3) *Limitations.* Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[56 FR 8710, Mar. 1, 1991]

### § 520.1242 Levamisole hydrochloride oral dosage forms.

## § 520.1242a Levamisole powder for oral solution.

- (a) *Specifications*. Each package of powder contains 9.075, 11.7, 18.15, 46.8, 362.7, or 544.5 grams (g) levamisole hydrochloride.
- (b) *Sponsors*. See sponsors in §510.600(c) for use as follows:
- (1) No. 000061 for use of 46.8- and 544.5-g packages as in paragraph (e)(1)(i), (e)(1)(ii)(B), and (e)(1)(iii) of this section; for 11.7-, 46.8-, and 544.5-g packages as in paragraph (e)(2)(i), (e)(2)(i)(B), and (e)(2)(iii) of this section; and for an 18.15-g package as in paragraph (e)(3) of this section.
- (2) No. 053501 for use of a 46.8-g package as in paragraph (e)(1)(i), (e)(1)(ii)(A), and (e)(1)(iii) of this section; for 11.7- and 46.8-g packages as in paragraph (e)(2)(i), (e)(2)(ii)(A), and (e)(2)(iii) of this section; and for 9.075- and 18.15-g packages as in paragraph (e)(3) of this section.
- (3) No. 057561 for use of 46.8- and 544.5-g packages as in paragraphs (e)(1)(i), (e)(1)(ii)(A), and (e)(1)(iii) and (e)(2)(i), (e)(2)(ii)(A), and (e)(2)(iii) of this section.
- (4) No. 059130 for use of 46.8-, 362.7-, and 544.5-g packages as in paragraphs (e)(1)(i), (e)(1)(ii)(B), (e)(1)(iii), (e)(2)(i), (e)(2)(ii)(B), and (e)(2)(iii) of this section; and for use of an 18.15-g package as in paragraph (e)(3) of this section.
- (c) Related tolerances. See  $\S 556.350$  of this chapter.
- (d) Special considerations. See \$500.25 of this chapter.
- (e) *Conditions of use*. It is used as an anthelmintic as follows:
- (1) Cattle—(i) Amount. 8 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) body weight as a drench.
- (ii) Indications for use—(A) Effective against the following nematode infections: Stomach worms (Haemonchus, Trichostrongylus, Ostertagia); intestinal worms (Trichostrongylus, Cooperia, Nematodirus, Bunostomum, Oesophagostomum); and lungworms (Dictyocaulus).
- (B) Effective against the following adult nematode infections: Stomach worms (Haemonchus placei, Ostertagia

ostertagi, Trichostrongylus axei); intestinal worms (T. longispicularis, Cooperia oncophora, C. punctata, Nematodirus spathiger, Bunostomum phlebotomum, Oesophagostomum radiatum); and lungworms (Dictyocaulus viviparus).

- (iii) Limitations. Do not slaughter for food within 48 hours of treatment. Not for use in dairy animals of breeding age. Conditions of constant helminth exposure may require retreatment 2 to 4 weeks after the first treatment. Consult your veterinarian before using in severely debilitated animals.
- (2) Sheep—(i) Amount. 8 mg/kg body weight as a drench.
- (ii) Indications for use—(A) Effective against the following nematode infections: Stomach worms (Haemonchus, Trichostrongylus, Ostertagia); intestinal worms (Trichostrongylus, Cooperia, Nematodirus, Bunostomum, Oesophagostomum, Chabertia); and lungworms (Dictyocaulus).
- (B) Effective against the following adult nematode infections: Stomach (Haemonchus worms contortus. Trichostrongylus Teladorsagia axei. circumcincta); intestinal worms (Trichostrongylus colubriformis, Cooperia Nematodirus spathiger, curticei. Bunostomum trigonocephalum, Oesophagostomum columbianum, and Chabertia ovina). lungworms (Dictyocaulus filaria).
- (iii) *Limitations*. Do not slaughter for food within 72 hours of treatment. Conditions of constant helminth exposure may require retreatment 2 to 4 weeks after the first treatment. Consult veterinarian before using in severely debilitated animals.
- (3) *Swine*—(i) *Amount*. 8 mg/kg body weight in drinking water.
- (ii) Indications for use. Effective against the following nematode infections: Large roundworms (Ascaris suum), nodular worms (Oesophagostomum spp.), intestinal thread worms (Strongyloides ransomi) and lungworms (Metastrongylus spp.).
- (iii) *Limitations*. Do not administer within 72 hours of slaughter for food. Pigs maintained under conditions of constant exposure to worms may require retreatment within 4 to 5 weeks after the first treatment. Consult your

veterinarian before administering to sick swine.

[69 FR 9753, Mar. 2, 2004, as amended at 69 FR 33839, June 17, 2004; 70 FR 2353, Jan. 13, 2005]

#### § 520.1242b Levamisole hydrochloride tablet or oblet (bolus).

- (a) *Chemical name.* (-)-2,3,5,6-Tetrahydro-6-phenylimidazo [2,1-*b*] thiazole monohydrochloride.
- (b) Specifications. Assay of not less than 98 percent by nonaqueous titration with  $0.1\ N$  potassium isopropoxide; 1 isomer minimum 95 percent pure by optical rotation.
- (c) *Sponsor*. See Nos. 000061 and 053501 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (d) Required labeling. Consult your veterinarian for assistance in the diagnosis, treatment, and control of parasitism.
- (e) Related tolerances. See §556.350 of this chapter.
- (f) Conditions of use. (1) It is used in an oblet for cattle as follows:
- (i) Amount. 2.19 grams per oblet.
- (ii) Indications for use. Anthelmintic effective against the following nemainfections: tode Stomach worms (Haemonchus, Trichostrongylus, Ostertagia), intestinal worms (Trichostrongylus, Cooperia, Nematodirus. Bunostomum, Oesophagostomum), and lungworms (Dictyocaulus).
- (iii) Limitations. Administer as a single dose as follows: 250 to 450 pounds, ½ oblet; 450 to 750 pounds, 1 oblet; and 750 to 1,050 pounds, 1½ oblets; conditions of constant helminth exposure may require re-treatment within 2 to 4 weeks after the first treatment; do not slaughter for food within 48 hours of treatment; not for use in dairy animals of breeding age; consult veterinarian before using in severely debilitated animals.
- (2) It is used in a tablet for sheep as follows:
  - (i) Amount. 0.184 gram per tablet.
- (ii) Indications for use. Anthelmintic effective against the following nematode infections: Stomach worms Trichostrongylus,(Haemonchus, Ostertagia), intestinal worms (Trichostrongylus, Cooperia, Nematodirus, Bunostomum, Oesophagostomum, Chabertia), lungworms (Dictyocaulus).